IRA CONTRIBUTION RECHARACTERIZATION (FORM 2319)

Please Print or Type

CID# (Organization will complete.)	Financial Organization Name	
Social Security Number	IRA Owner's Name (First, Initial, Last)	
IRA CONTRIBUTION I	BEING RECHARACTERIZED	
See the next page for more information.		
This was a regular contribution for		
Year (YYYY)		
Amount of Contribution to be Recharacterized \$	Original Contribution Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	
Income Attributable to the Contribution (+)		
Amount to be Recharacterized (=)		
DISTRIBUT	ΓING IRA	
The assets are being distributed from (check one):	The distributing IRA is a (check one):	☐ Traditional IRA☐ Roth IRA
 ☐ 1. Suffix at the financial organization named above. ☐ 2. An IRA at the financial organization listed below: 	The distributing IRA status after recharacterization is (check one):	☐ Open ☐ Closed
Fiduciary's Name		
Account Number	Date of Distribution (MM/DD/YYYY)	
Mailing Address		
City, State, ZIP		
RECEIVI	NG IRA	
The assets are being transferred to (check one): The receiving IRA is a (check one)	The receiving IRA is a (check one):	☐ Traditional IRA
 □ 1. Suffix at the financial organization named above. □ 2. An IRA at the financial organization listed below: 	Must be a different type than the distributing IRA.	☐ Roth IRA
Fiduciary's Name	Date Recharacterized Contribution Received (MM/DD/YYYY)	
Account Number		
Mailing Address		
City, State, ZIP		
IRA OWNER'S SI	GNATURE/DATE	
I hereby instruct the distributing IRA trustee or custodian to send the amount r described above as a recharacterization to the receiving IRA.	noted above to the receiving IRA. I have elected to	treat the contribution
X		
IRA Owner's Signature	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	

TAX RULES RELATING TO THIS FORM

Contributions that can be recharacterized:

The following IRA contributions can be recharacterized IF you meet the requirements for making the contribution resulting from the recharacterization:

- A regular contribution to a Traditional IRA can be recharacterized as a regular contribution to a Roth IRA.
- A regular contribution to a Roth IRA can be recharacterized as a regular contribution to a Traditional IRA.

Contributions that cannot be recharacterized:

- 1. A rollover or transfer between the same type of IRA.
- A simplified employee pension (SEP) or SIMPLE IRA plan contribution.

IRA-to-IRA rollovers and transfers are ignored. The recharacterization rules ignore a rollover or transfer between two IRAs that are the same type (for example, a rollover between two Traditional IRAs or a transfer between two Roth IRAs). If you have moved the assets from the IRA into which you made the contribution to another IRA of the same type, then you should complete this form using the information about the original contribution. But you still give the form to the IRA trustee or custodian currently holding the assets.

Deadlines. There are two deadlines for recharacterizing a contribution:

- The IRA trustee or custodian for both the distributing and the receiving IRAs must receive this form on or before the date that the assets are moved between the two IRAs. This can be accomplished by one of the IRA trustees or custodians mailing the form to the other, either with the transfer check or with a request for a check.
- The deadline for moving the assets between the two IRAs is the due date (including extensions) for filing your federal income tax return for the taxable year for which the contribution was made. For a regular contribution, this is the deadline for the return for the year for which the contribution was made.

Effect of recharacterizing a contribution. A recharacterized contribution is treated as if it was made to the receiving IRA on the same date and for the same year that the contribution was made to the distributing IRA. You must complete your income tax return consistent with this treatment of the contribution.

Use the chart below to determine income attributable.

